--popbio cheat sheet--

Examples:

The popbio package includes three example codes to demonstrate the capabilities of the package. You can access them by typing in the following:

demo("fillmore")

demo("Caswell")

demo("stage.classify")

Matrix properties:

damping ratio() Calculates the damping ratio or speed of a projection matrix.

fundamental.matrix() Calculates the fundamental matrix of a projection matrix.

generation.time() Calculates the generation time of a stage-classified matrix.

lambda() Calculates the population growth rate of a projection matrix.

net.reproductive.rate() Calculates the net reproductive rate of a stage classified

matrix using the dominant eigenvalue.

reproductive.value() Calculates the reproductive values of a projection matrix

stable.stage() Calculates the stable stage distribution of a projection matrix

using the dominant eigenvalue.

Perturbation analyses:

elasticity() Calculate the elasticities of the population growth rate to

changes in the projection matrix elements.

LTRE() Evaluates sensitivities in a fixed Life Table Response

Experiment (LTRE).

sensitivity() Calculate the sensitivities of the population growth rate to

changes in the projection matrix elements.

vitalsens() Calculates deterministic sensitivities and elasticities of

lambda to lower-level vital rates using partial derivatives.

Graphing:

image2() Creates a grid of colored rectangles to display a projection,

elasticity, sensitivity or other matrix.

matplot2() Plot the rows of a matrix. Useful for displaying a matrix of

stage vectors, survival rates, sensitivities etc.

stage.vector.plot() Plots short-term dynamics and convergence to stage stage

distribution using stage vector projections.

Stochasticity:

stoch.growth.rate() Calculates the log stochastic growth rate by Tuljapurkar's

approximation and by simulation.

stoch.projection() Simulates stochastic growth by projection using matrix

selection techniques from a set of 2 or more projection

matrices.

stoch.quasi.ext() Estimate the quasi-extinction probability by simulation for a

structured population in an an independently and identically distributed stochastic environment.

stoch.sens() Calculates the sensitivity and elasticity of the stochastic

growth rate to perturbations in the mean demographic

projection matrix.

Other helpful functions:

eigen.analysis() Calculate population growth rate and other matrix

properties all at once.

matrix2() Create a square matrix from a given set of values.

mean.list() Calculates mean matrix from a list of matrices.

pop.projection() Calculates the population growth rate and stable stage

distribution by repeated projections of the equation

n(t+1)=An(t).

Additional resources:

Popbio manual: https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/popbio/popbio.pdf

Package description: Stubben, C.S., Milligan, B. 2007. 'Estimating and analyzing

demographic models using the popbio package in R'. Journal

of Statistical Software 22:1-23.